Rose Quarter Project Updates

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Overview of Project Funding



Rose Quarter Funding

	Misc.Fed/State/ Local	HB 2017 UMS	RCN Grant	Total
PE	\$27.4M	\$140M	\$30M	\$197.4M
Right of Way		\$1M	\$30M	\$31M
Utilities/Other		\$1.5M	\$7.5M	\$9M
Phase 1A Construction	\$5M	\$70M		\$75M
Phase 1 Construction		\$167.5M		\$167.5M
Total	\$32.4M	\$380M	\$67.5M	\$479.9M ₄



Phase 1A Update

Phase 1A Update

- Notice to Proceed 7/28/25
- Onboarding subcontractors
- Shop drawings for storm work and sign bridge work
- Verifying dimensions of existing structure (bridge) and preparing existing steel structure for seismic retrofit work
- UPRR C&M agreement executed.
 Working on right-of-entry permit
- Erosion control being installed to begin work on drainage pond











Cost Reduction Opportunities

Cost Reduction Approach

CONTEXT:

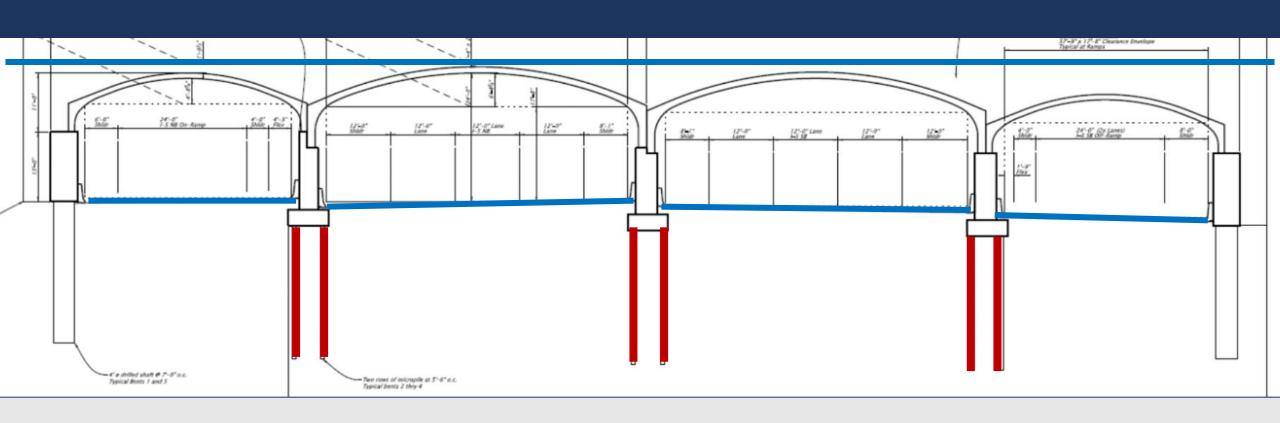
- As directed at the May 8th, 2025, OTC Meeting, ODOT evaluated cost reductions
- Project changes must maintain Purpose and Need
- Avoid deferring/removing critical improvements for safety & mobility

PROCESS:

- Value Engineering (VE) Study conducted
- Cost Reduction Workshop identified concepts combined with VE Study concepts
- Impacts, tradeoffs, and savings evaluated for each concept
- Concepts at a pre-30% design level



Adopted: Micropile for Highway Cover Foundation



Adopted

Micropiles for Highway Cover Foundation

Concept: Micropiles for highway cover foundation

- * Schedule
 - Neutral
- * Budget
- \$45M reduction

Benefits

- Micropile foundations offer flexibility in construction and are better suited to address known and unknown subsurface obstructions, if encountered.
- Drilling equipment for micropiles is smaller than other traditional foundation types, and can be better mobilized in restrictive areas and low headroom conditions.

- Micropiles are known to have limited lateral capacity for seismic resistance, which results in a large number of micropiles that contribute to a larger foundation footprint.
- Micropiles will require a large pile cap, resulting in a larger foundation footprint.
- Micropile foundations will require temporary shoring and potential traffic closures for construction.

Cost Reduction Concepts – Continuing Evaluation (\$2M - \$50M)

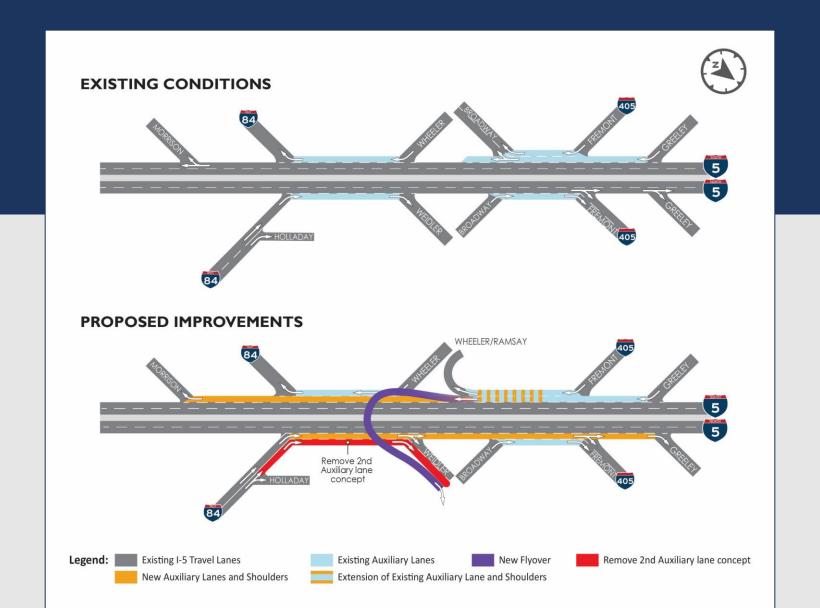
- I-5 Mainline Asphalt Shoulders
- Highway Cover Reduction
- Flyover Bridge Width Reduction
- Multimodal Bridge Refinements
- Highway Cover
 Development Zones
- Major Broadway/Williams

Closure

- Contaminated Soil Disposal
- Eliminate Greeley Gore Widening



Ruled Out: Remove Second Auxiliary Lane (I-84 to Weidler)



Ruled Out

Remove Second Auxiliary Lane (I-84 to Weidler)

Concept: Eliminate 2nd auxiliary lane from I-84 on-ramp to Weidler off-ramp.

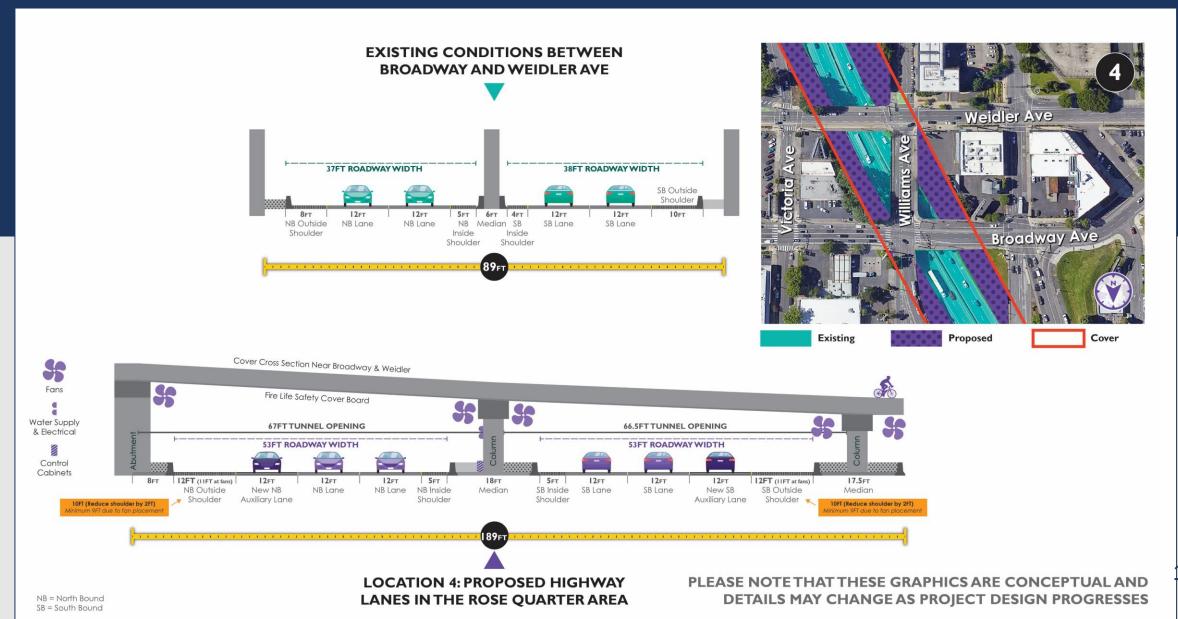
- ★ Schedule
 - Neutral
- Budget
- \$30M-\$35M Reduction

Benefits

- Eliminates significant widening and walls
- Still addresses operational issue by providing continuous aux lane from I-84 to I-405
- Still provides safety shoulders
- Freight pinch point at existing on-ramp would be addressed
- Does not preclude future aux lane addition

- Full operational benefits identified in NEPA would not be realized
- Not constructing the 2nd aux lane would remove a core element of the planned operational and safety improvement of the project. The life-span benefit of building the second Aux lane with the project will outweigh the up-front savings of not building it.

Ruled Out: Highway Width Reduction within Highway Cover Area



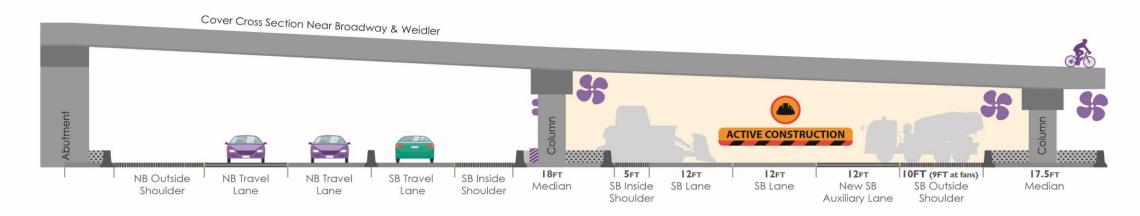
Ruled Out: Highway Width Reduction within Highway Cover Area



LOCATION 4:TRAFFIC DURING CONSTRUCTION OF SOUTHBOUND DIRECTION







NB = North Bound SB = South Bound PLEASE NOTE THAT THESE GRAPHICS ARE CONCEPTUAL AND DETAILS MAY CHANGE AS PROJECT DESIGN PROGRESSES

Ruled Out

Highway Width Reduction within Highway Cover Area

Concept: Reduce cover width by two feet in each direction

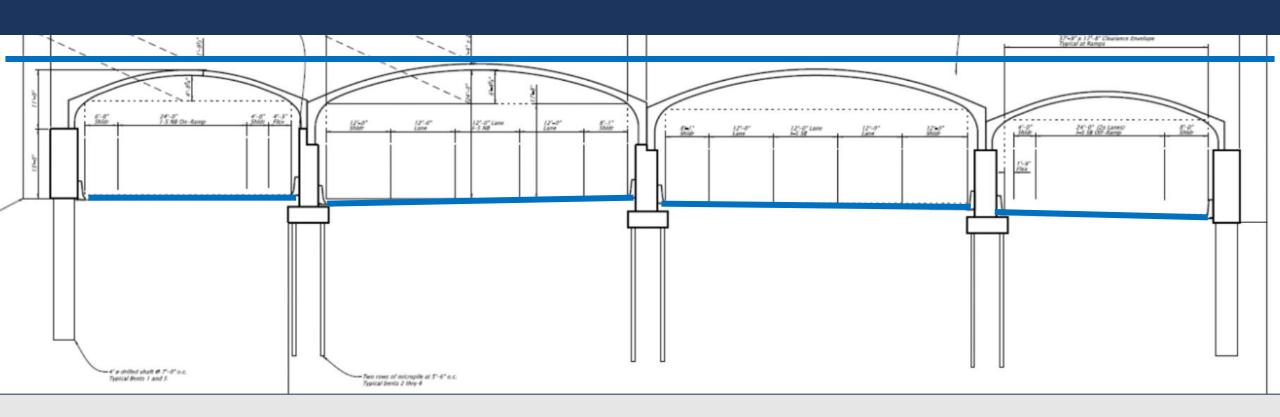
- → Schedule
 - Neutral
- Budget
- \$20M Reduction

Benefits

 Meets AASHTO minimum shoulder egress for Fire, Life, Safety

- Width reduction prohibits the ability to maintain four lanes of highway traffic during construction – 3 lanes max. (NO Solution identified, NOT PRICED)
- Maintaining 4 lanes would require drastic alteration of the current traffic control plan and likely add significant time to the schedule, resulting in additional cost.
- Significantly impact traffic operations on I-5 throughout several years of highway cover construction.

Ruled Out: Buried Concrete Arches in Lieu of Girders



Ruled Out

Buried Concrete Arches in Lieu of Girders

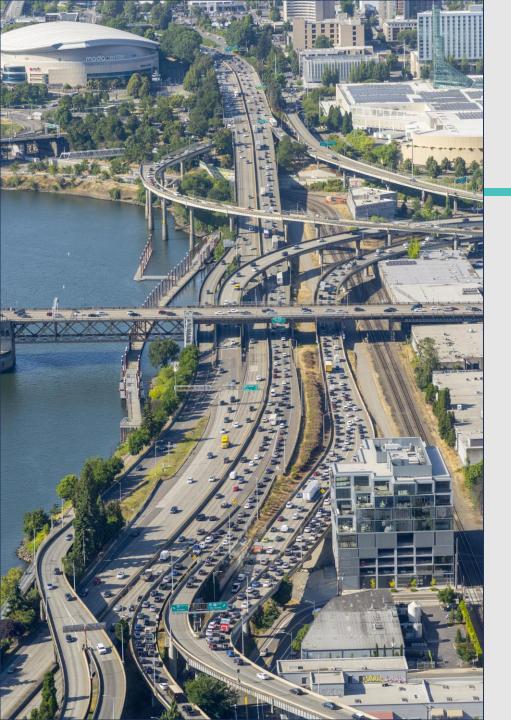
Concept: Switch from conventional girders to pre-cast arch structures

- Schedule
- 12-month delay
- Budget
 - Neutral

Benefits

- Potential reduction in long term maintenance
- More flexible Fire, Life,
 Safety design in the arch sections.
- Utility routing on the cover is simplified for future development

- 12-month impact to design schedule
- Non-traditional concept has more risks
- Maintaining traffic during construction more complex
- Impact to cover use undetermined and does not allow asymmetrical loading
- Spans at the north end of the structure is wider than what the arch spans can be designed for.
 Requires standard girders at the north end
- Current plan is girders on a skew.
 The arch spans must be perpendicular to I-5 which creates challenges with maintaining traffic on local streets during construction.



Next Steps & Continued Process Improvement

- Ongoing identification of cost reduction opportunities
- Ongoing evaluation of cost reduction opportunities
- Meeting with Partners
- Collaboration with CMGC & A&E
 - Constructability reviews
- Continued OTC updates on cost reduction opportunities



Options Moving Forward

Option 1: Broadway Weidler Phase 1 Full Package



Option 1: Build BW Phase 1 Full Package with Additional Funding

*Schedule

- 90% Design Q4 2026
- 100% Design Q2 2027
- ROW Complete Q2 2028
- Construction NTP Q3 2028

*Budget

- Estimate will be updated with 60% Design Q2 2026
- Risk modeling will be updated

Benefits

- The design would be advanced such that the B/W Phase 1 is ready to go to construction.
- The \$51M remaining in the PE phase will bring B/W Phase 1 to a shovel ready state.
- By continuing with the design, we are preserving the design, engineering and environmental work already completed.
- Shovel-ready designs for B/W
 Phase 1 to better position us to receive future funding.

- Construction will not be continuous after Phase 1a is complete.
- There will be impacts to HSJV & subcontractors.
- There's a cost to demobilizing the construction force, and bringing them back will add additional cost to the overall project.
- Unused construction funding could create the perception of a lack of commitment by ODOT to advance the project.

Option 2: Build Phase 1B With Available \$167M



Option 2: Build Phase 1B with Available \$167M

- Schedule
- 100% Design Q2 2027
- ROW Complete Q2 2027
- Construction NTP Q1 2028

- Budget
 - \$167M
- Design, Construction & Risk Cost included

Pros Cons

- Some operational and safety improvements including shoulders.
- This portion of the project is at an advanced design level.
- The complicated construction element of widening over the Rose Quarter Transit Center would be complete.
- Close to continuous construction after Phase 1a.
- Removes the I-84 NB onramp pinch point. This is a concern to the Mobility Advisory Committee (MAC) and the freight community.

- Due to the proximity of the Weidler structure to the north, the NB auxiliary cannot be extended by restriping after widening Holladay/Hassalo.
- Does not complete full operational and safety improvements between I-84 and Broadway/Weidler.

Option 3: Stop Spending RQ Construction Funding

- Option 3A: \$167M goes to Abernethy –
 OTC action
 - Option 3B: \$167M goes to ODOT budget – Legislative action

★ Schedule

- Phase 1 100% Design Q2 2027
- Phase 1a Construction Complete Q2 2027

*Budget

- \$30M RCE Grant PE Funding
- \$0M Phase 1 Construction

Pros	Cons
 Budget is reallocated to other ODOT priorities 	Community partners and project Advisory Committees (AVT, HAAB, COAC, City of Portland, and Portland's Black community) will be disappointed – this will be seen as ODOT walking back its commitments and canceling the project. Postlagating dellars from PO to Abernetby
	 Reallocating dollars from RQ to Abernethy would be interpreted as ODOT's lack of commitment to small construction companies, undermining years of work to build strength in smaller construction firms.
	 Lack of trust in ODOT as an agency will affect bidding on future RQ work packages and could affect bidding on IBR and other regional projects.
	Significant rework would be required to restart the project in the future.
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Next Steps

OTC Action: How would OTC like the Rose Quarter Project?

- Option 1: Build BW Phase 1 Full Package with Additional Funding
- Option 2: Build Phase 1B with Available \$167M
- Option 3: Stop Spending RQ Construction Funding